

# Environmental considerations in Asia and implications for lubricant formulation

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#### **Today's Presentation Points**





We will create new environmental trends



We are pioneers who can create the trends

I sincerely hope that in future we will be able to create new trends with all of you.



Let's talk about the

### ENVIRONMENT

#### What are the environments?





Market Environment

Work Environment

We need a solution that takes all of these into consideration.

#### Who creates the environment trend?



Government?



Measures vary from country to country.



Progress of environmental policy making is slow

Therefore...

Instead of waiting for Government to create a new trend, we who are involved in the lubricant business should take the lead in creating trends.

Should make each environment what it should be in the future.

#### What kind of measure is necessary?

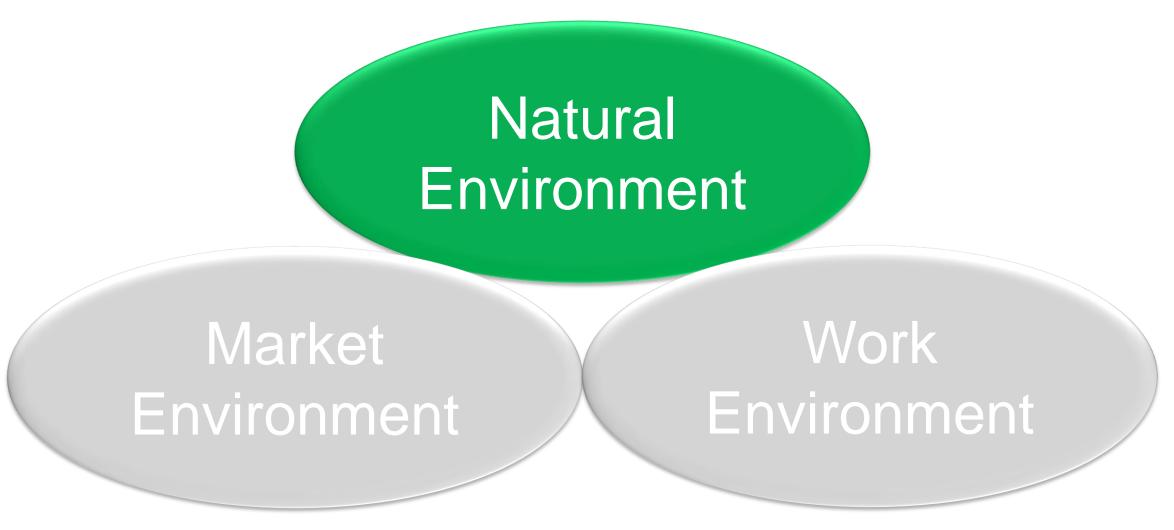


Natural Environment

Market Environment Work Environment

#### What kind of measure is necessary?





It is necessary to reduce the amount of burden on the natural environment.



#### Specific examples from the perspective of Lubricants

#### Long Life / Long Drain

Expect to reduce the amount of oil used and the amount of liquid waste.

#### Reduction of environmentally hazardous substances

• Development of a formulation that does not use hazardous chemical substances.

#### Reduction of VOCs

When making formulation, consider suppressing the amount of VOCs generated.

#### Energy saving

Development of a formulation that can reduce power consumption

#### Biodegradation

Development and supply of biodegradable lubricants



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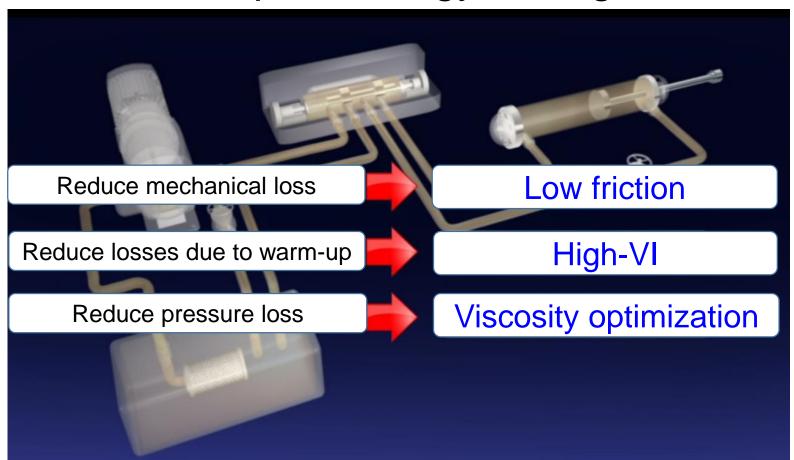
#### Biodegradation

Development and supply of biodegradable lubricants



#### Energy saving

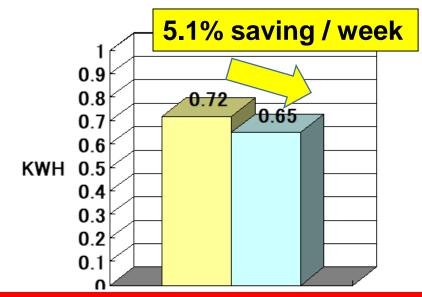
Basic concept of energy saving fluid



#### [Measurement]



Measurement : 1 week





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### IDEMITSU

#### Biodegradation



Hydraulic unit that use biodegradable oils





#### What kind of measure is necessary?



Natural Environment

Market Environment Work Environment



- ◆The needs for the market environment change daily.
- ◆Understanding the needs of this market environment is very important for us, but it is also very difficult.

Understanding the needs well and making products and formulations that meet those needs will have a big impact on the success of your business.



#### Key points regarding "Market Environment"

#### Natural environment (policy, regulation, measures)

 Monitor the movements of each country and local government, quickly grasp the trends and take counter-measures.

#### Handling of Dangerous goods (improvement of transportation and storage safety)

In recent years, regulations have been strengthened. Caution is required.

#### Regional characteristics

 Necessary to take hold of what is preferred or disliked in the country or region, and develop what is appropriate for the market in the country or region.



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#### Dangerous goods (DG) trend

[Big explosion occurred in Tianjin, China in 2015]



#### Handling of DG has become very difficult

- Strict audit from the government
- Difficult to increase the handling quantity of DG
- Difficult to obtain a license to handle DG
- Price increase at warehouse companies and shipping companies that handle DG



New market needs

- · DG ⇒ Non-DG
- Water-soluble type





Photo: from Nikkei

Changes in the market environment are both a threat and an opportunity.



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#### Regional characteristics

- Preferences and dislikes differ depending on the country and region.
- ◆Performance required for products also varies depending on the country or region

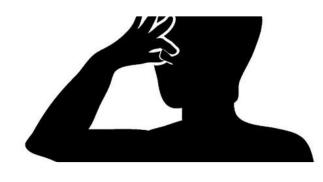
⇒Therefore, even for Asia, there is no single orientation.

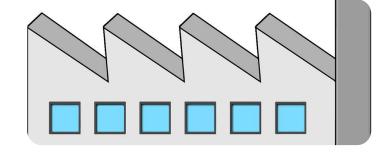
It is necessary to take hold of what is good in the country or region, and develop what is appropriate for the market in the country or region.



#### Regional characteristics

For example...







Odor

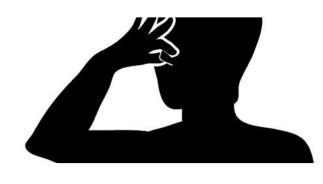
Liquid waste treatment

Water



#### Regional characteristics

For example...



In some countries, people dislike chemical odors

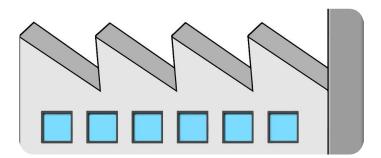
Odor

⇒However, the operator's position is weak and they are unable to change anything. So they have to leave the workplace if they cannot withstand odor.



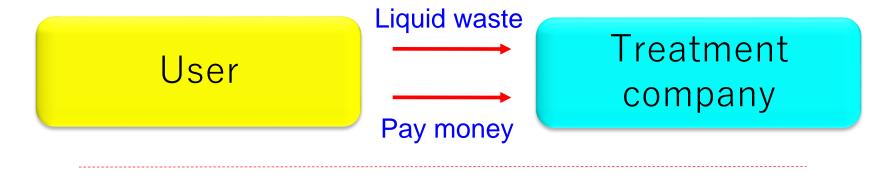
#### Regional characteristics

For example...



Liquid waste treatment

Liquid waste treatment method varies depending on the country or region.



User
Treatment by themselves

Lubricant products that can be treated easily are required.



#### Regional characteristics

For example...



Water

- The properties of tap water vary by country and region.
- The performance of water-soluble lubricants varies greatly depending on the properties of water

It is necessary to understand the water quality and product compatibility in the target area.



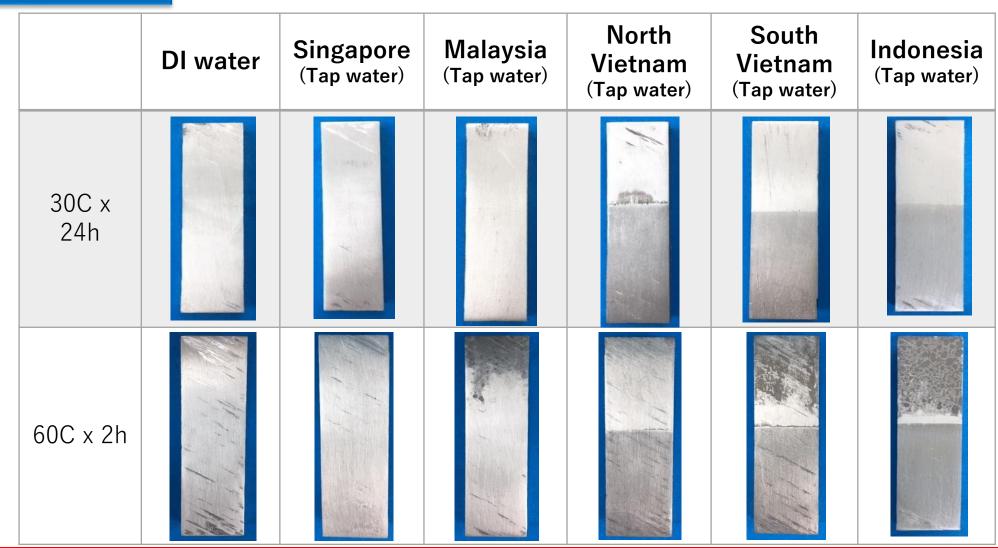
#### Regional characteristics

#### **Aluminum Corrosion Test**

Al plate(ADC12)



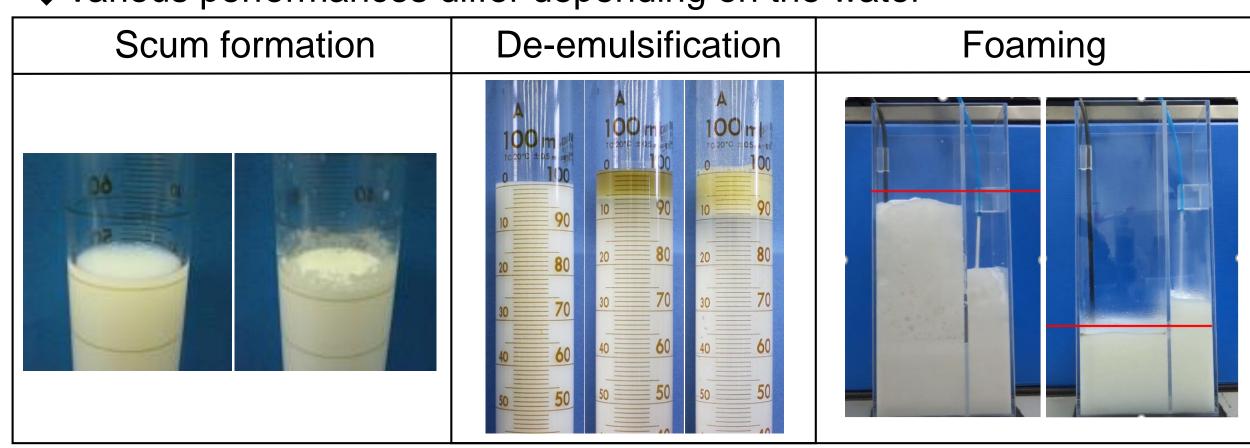
WSCO (Dilute to 5%)





#### Regional characteristics

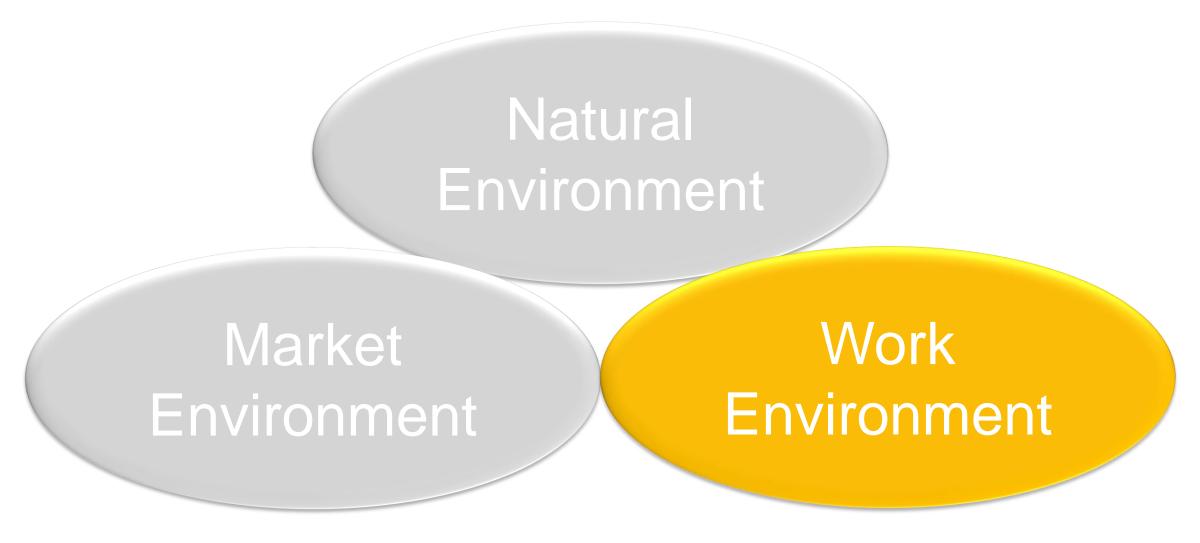
◆Various performances differ depending on the water



Necessary to decide what kind of formulation based on the difference in water

#### What kind of measure is necessary?







- ◆ In some Asian countries, awareness of caring for the operator's work environment is still low.
  - Government regulations not sufficient & weak enforcement
  - Weak position of operators
  - Management/owner tends to have stronger power

What can we in the lubricants industry do?

→ Develop and supply lubricants that are friendly to the work environment.



What is an example of a good lubricant?





#### Less/non-harmful to health

Substances (CI, B, Ba, formaldehyde etc.) that are likely to affect human health should be self-sufficiently regulated by the manufacturer.

These above: Excellent performance especially in metal substances working oil, cheap

- → Should we continue using these substances of concern?
- → Isn't it our value to create a product with similar or better performance without using these substances?



#### Lubricants components can damage the operator in some cases



We should create an operator-friendly formulation





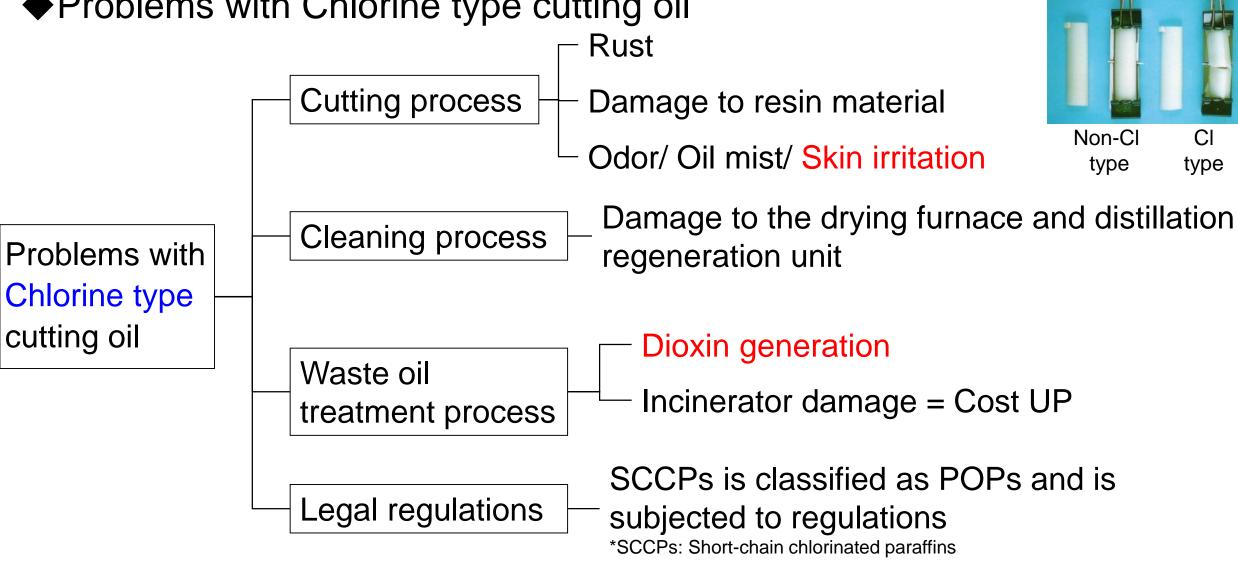
Chlorine is one of the additive components that should be eliminated.

However, it is still a frequently used substance in Asia's market.



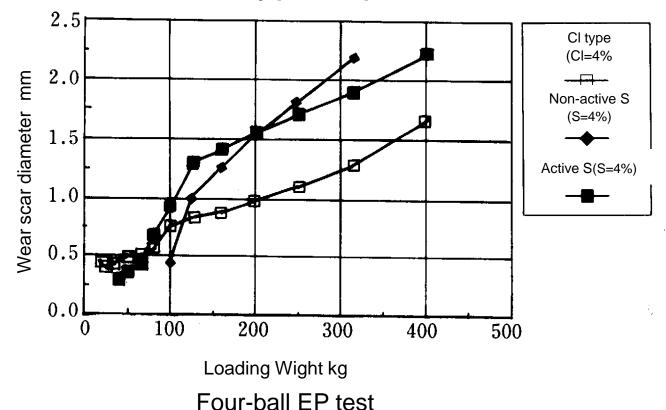
type

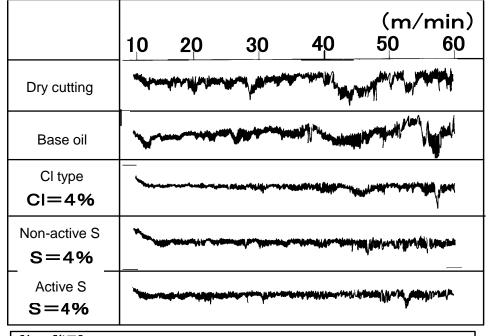
Problems with Chlorine type cutting oil





#### ◆EP additive type & performance





[加工諸元]

機械:NC旋盤 ·工具:超硬(K10) - 被削材:S45C(め20) 速度:10~70m/min ・送り:0.05mm/rev 切り込み:0.5mm

Turning surface roughness

**◆**Additive reaction temp. About 170°C

**◆**Friction coefficient of additive reaction film

CI type

About 0.3

Non-active S About 240°C About 170°C

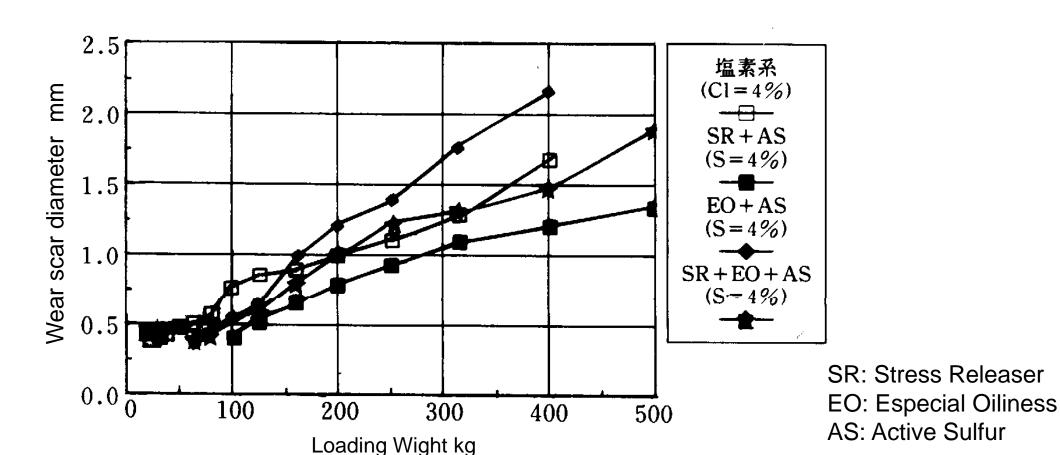
About 0.4

**Active S** 

About 0.6

Chlorine type EP agents react at relatively low temperatures and have low friction coefficient





Combining different additives can also have similar or better performance than chlorine type additive.

#### **Operator Environment**



#### [Case of Japan]

- In the past, chlorinated paraffins were widely used in metal working oil.
- At present, there are almost no products that use chlorinated paraffin.

#### Why?

Lubricants makers aggressively promote non-chlorine type lubricants together with cooperation from customers, so it was possible to achieve non-chlorination in lubricant products.

We should together create trends that do not rely on substances of concern in Asian markets.

#### Summary



Natural Environment

Market Environment Work Environment

It is necessary to consider the above environments when developing formulation.

#### Summary



- ◆Develop formulation by considering the three environments
   ⇒Enable business success and create a sustainable future
- We will create new environmental trends
- ◆Trends are not something to be followed but to be created

Let's together create a sustainable future of Asia!



## Thank you