

## BOOSTING CROSS-BORDER REGIONS THROUGH BETTER TRANSPORT

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### Strategy for Development Portuguese Rail Network

### EFFICIENCY COMPETITIVENESS SUSTAINABILITY

#### **Constraints**

- Existing infrastructure constraints (750m trains, electrification, capacity)
- Interoperability limitations with Spain (infrastructure and operations)

#### **Opportunity**

- EU transport policy (TEN-T)
- Portuguese-Spanish cooperation agreement

#### **Strategy**

- National transport policy: FERROVIA 2020
- National Rail Network Development Strategy PNI 2020-2030
- Interoperability implementation plan





### Ferrovia 2020



#### **INCREASE COMPETITIVENESS**

- ✓ Reduce travel times and transport costs
- ✓ Increase capacity (more and bigger trains)

### **IMPROVE INTERNATIONAL LINKS**

- ✓ North South Corridor (Porto/Vigo)
- ✓ Internacional North Corridor (Leixões/Aveiro Vilar Formoso)
- ✓ Internacional South Corridor (Sines Caia)
- ✓ Increase railway accessibility to national sea ports

### CREATE CONDITIONS FOR RAILWAY INTEROPERABILITY

- ✓ Electrification
- ✓ Electronic sinalling
- ✓ Length of freight trains 750 m
- ✓ Installation of dual gauge sleepers



GLOBAL INVESTMENT ~ € 2.000 MILLION € MORE THAN 1.000 KM OF LINES FOR INTERVENTION





### Strategy for a better cross-border railway

# WHY THE NEED TO DEVELOP A IBERIAN RAILWAY NETWORK STRATEGY

- Existing infrastructure constraints Interoperability limitations with the Spanish rail network
  - Electrification 25 kV c.a. vs 3000 V c.c.
  - Signaling Each country has its own system
  - Reduced capacity, in particularly for longer freight trains
  - Train drivers Each country requires its own certification
  - Trains Adapted to the particularities of each country





### Strategy for a better cross-border railway

WHY THE NEED TO DEVELOP A PORTUGUESE **RAILWAY NETWORK STRATEGY** 

Better international railway connections are critical to promote:

- the Portuguese geostrategic location Peripheral to Europe but central in the North Atlantic
- The modal shift from road to rail



Creating conditions for interoperability and eliminating constraints together with Spain is a critical factor for success for both countries





### Strategy for a better cross-border railway

### **RELEVANT ISSUES**

#### Corridor socio-economic data

- Internal population of the corridor 4.6 million habitants
- Corridor area 15,408 km²
- Activity rate 59% resident population (corridor average)

Both in Galicia and in the North of Portugal the tertiary sector predominates with 65.15% and 51.59% respectively, while the secondary sector has a weight of 26.90% in Galicia and 36.75% in the North of Portugal

GDP 2017			
Region	Annual	Per capita	
Northern Portugal	48.700 M €	16.000 €	
Galicia	60.600 M €	22.400 €	







### MINHO RAILWAY

The modernization of Minho railway line is part of a broader plan to modernize the Portuguese national railways: **FERROVIA 2020**. The line is located in the North of Portugal and connects the metropolitan area of Porto to Galicia, in Spain. This modernization aims primarily at reducing travel times and transport costs, through electrification and capacity increase.







### **MAIN GOALS**

- **REDUCE TRAVEL TIMES,** as a result of using electric traction and elimination of disruption at Nine.
- INCREASING COMPETITIVENESS OF FREIGHT RAILWAY TRANSPORT, by allowing 750 m trains
- **TRIPLE TRANSPORT CAPACITY:** from 15 trains of 300 m per day to 20 trains of 750 m.
- INCREASE SAFETY AND RELIABILITY LEVELS, as a result of the installing a new signaling and telecommunications system
- INCREASING THE SAFETY OF ROAD AND RAILWAY, through level crossings clousure and automatization.
- IMPROVE INTERNATIONAL CONNECTIONS of North South Corridor (Porto-Vigo)





### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

#### **ELETRIFICATION:**

Completed: section Nine/Viana do Castelo;

Ongoing: section Viana do Castelo / Valença;

#### TRACTION SUBSTATION CONSTRUCTION:

Completed: 1st phase concluded - construction of the substation in Vila Fria

Ongoing: connection to the National Railway Network

#### SIGNALING AND TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM:

Ongoing: connection to Porto OCC

#### LEVEL CROSSINGS:

to launch: elimination and automatization of level crossings









### MAIN BENEFITS PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES

- **Electric rolling stock** for passengers and goods
- Reduction in the cost of freight transport electric traction and increase in length to 750 m
- Possibility of implementing passenger services, without disruption, between Porto, Viana do Castelo and Valença (electric trains)
- Reduce travel time:
  - International service 10 min after completion of Viana-Valença modernization
  - Inter-regional 12 min after completion of Viana-Valença modernization
  - Regional 7 min between Nine and Viana do Castelo
- improve international connections of North South Corridor (Porto-Vigo)



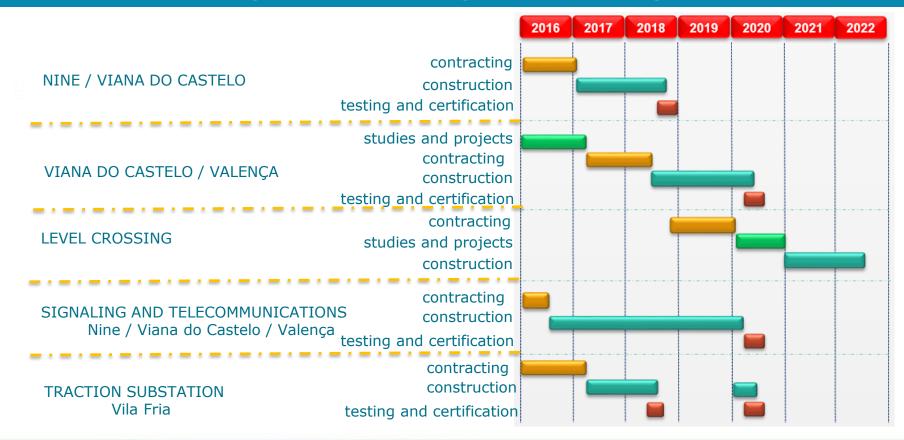


### MAIN BENEFITS ECONOMIC & ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS

- **Reduction CO2 emissions** 300 million ton CO2 eq (by 2046)
- **Reduction of pollutant emissions and noise** electric traction and increase in length to 750 m;
- Reduction of the number of accidents and travel time
- **Reduced cost for operators**













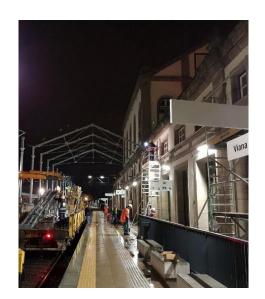
TIMELINE

### MAIN WORKS Stations and halts – Viana do Castelo station

Before During After



Stations 5 un Passenger canopies (new) 8 un











### MAIN WORKS stations and halts – Carreira halt

Before



After







Halts	7 un
Passenger canopies (new)	7 un



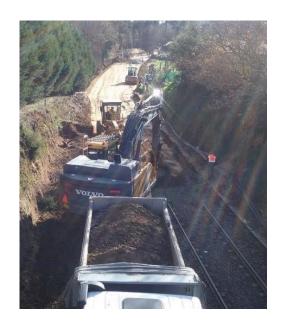


### MAIN WORKS track works – track lowering on Carreira

Before During After



New tracks	3 023 m
Ballast	8 350 m <sup>3</sup>
New switches	5 un











### MAIN WORKS crossing stations 750 m: Midões, Barroselas, Carreço e Carvalha

After During **Before** 







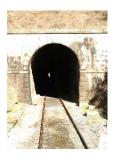






### MAIN WORKS tunnels sealing: Carreira, Tamel e Santa Lucrécia

During After **Before** 



















### MAIN WORKS catenary installation: Nine / Viana do Castelo

Before During After









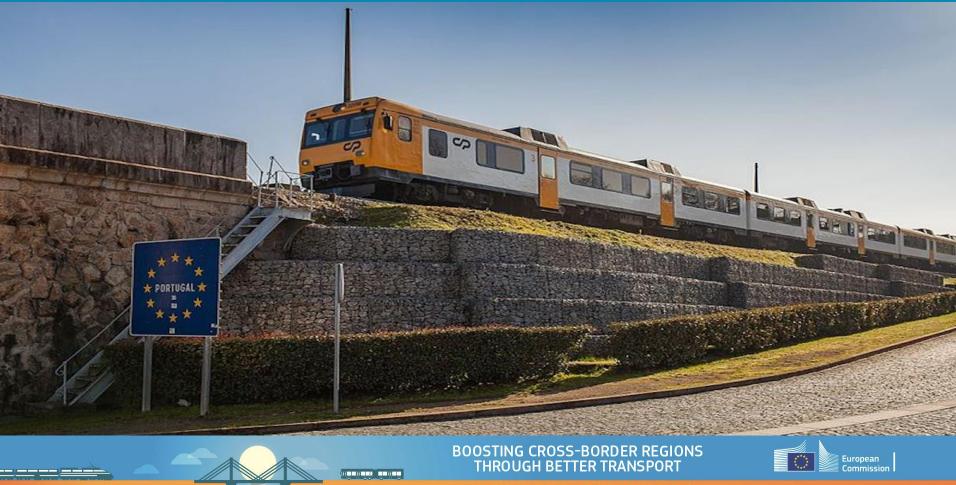














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