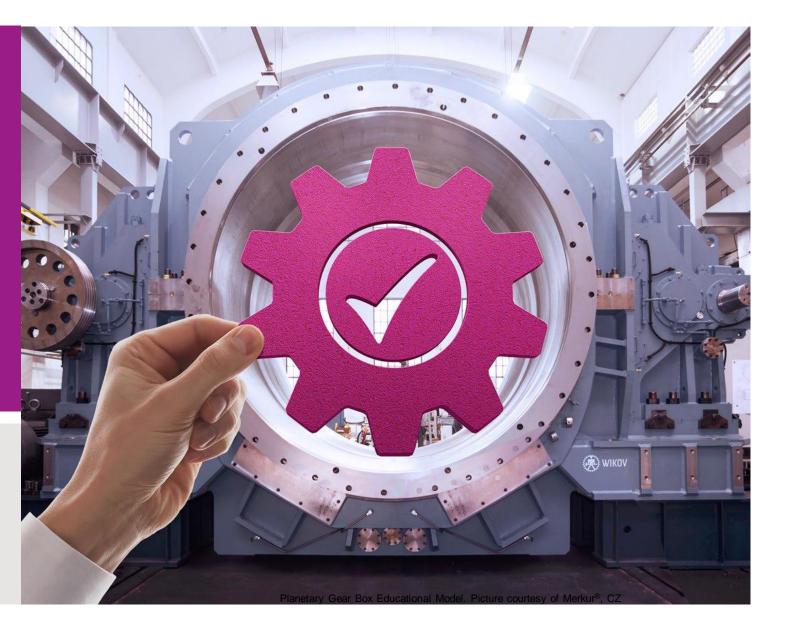
Meet market demands for high-performance lubricant products with new additive and base oil chemistry

Thomas Schimmel

2nd Asian Industrial Lubricants Conference

November 2019 | Singapore





### Industrial lubricants and where performance matters the most

Finished lubricant volume: 14 million mt (2018)

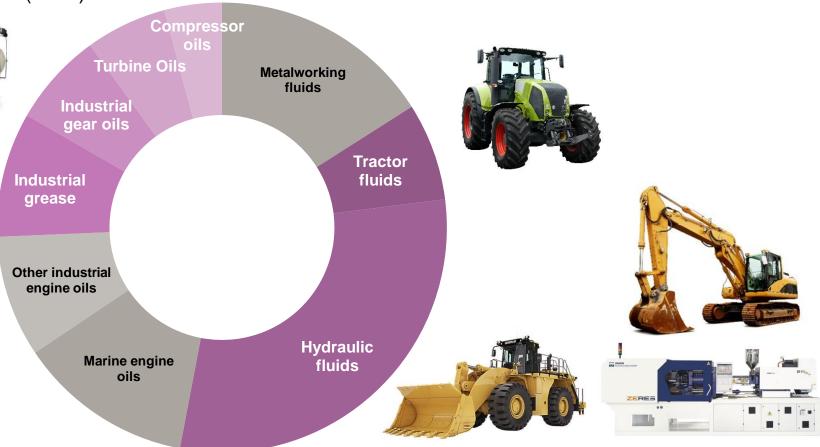














#### **Outline**

- Challenges for industrial gear oils
- Impact of hydraulic fluids on equipment performance
- Hydraulic fluid performance demonstration



### These are some of the most challenging industrial applications







### Different applications – similar demands - same need for fluid performance

#### Mining



#### **Operating conditions**

- Extreme loads
- Contaminants: dust, debris, water

#### Demands on oil

- Extreme pressure and anti-wear performance
- Corrosion protection
- Low temperature fluidity

#### Steel



#### **Operating conditions**

- High ambient temperature
- Heavy loads and wet conditions

#### Demands on oil

- Extreme pressure and anti-wear performance
- Rust and corrosion protection
- High flash point

#### Wind Energy



#### **Operating conditions**

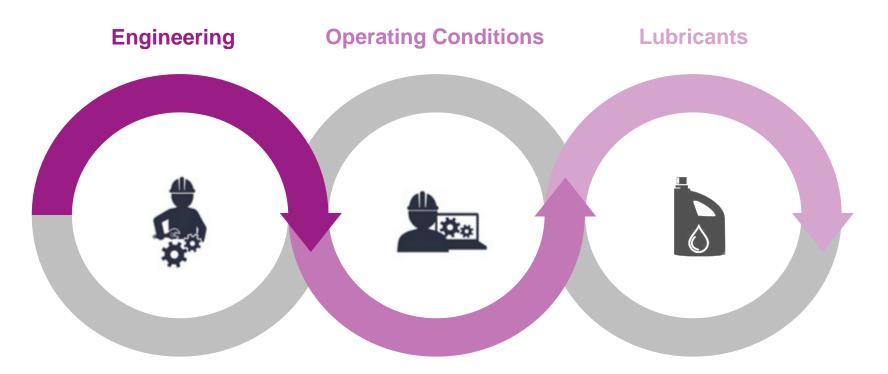
- Arid/humid, cold/hot climate
- Long service intervals

#### **Demands on oil**

- Sufficient film strength and micropitting protection
- Excellent oxidative stability
- Low temperature fluidity



### Engineering trends define the requirements for industrial gear oils

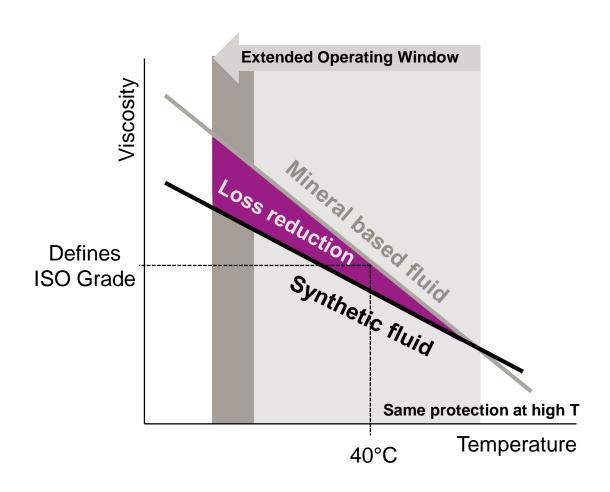


- New materials
- Surface finishing
- Lower oil volume

- High torque and high loads
- Increased power density
- High bearing temperature
- Micropitting protection
- Seal compatibility
- Oxidative and thermal stability



### Why do synthetic fluids offer improved performance and high efficiency?



#### **Colder temperatures**

- Lower churning losses
- Lower friction
- → Improved mechanical efficiency
- → Better cold start behavior

#### Warmer temperatures

- Less leakage
- Increased film thickness
- → Improved equipment protection



### Approaches to formulating high performance industrial gear oils

- Mostly formulated with non-polar base fluids
  - 6 or 8 cSt polyalphaolefin (PAO) as base fluid
  - High-viscosity PAO (e.g. PAO 100) to adjust viscosity to the desired level
  - Addition of ester (10-20%) is necessary to provide package compatibility
    can cause hydrolytic stability and seal swelling issues
- Base fluid system can also be polar
  - Polyalkylene glycols (PAG) → not miscible with other base fluids
- High-viscosity base fluids with well-balanced polarity
  - Performance advantages in combination with Group III base oil or PAO
  - Excellent additive package, seal and coatings compatibility, in particular in combination with PAO





### Performance benefits of synthetic fluids

- High viscosity index
  - Viscosity control across operating temperatures
  - Excellent cold start properties
  - Equipment protection at high temperature
- Thermal and oxidative stability
  - Extended fluid service life
- Reduced frictional losses
  - Higher efficiency
  - Lower operating temperature → longer equipment life
- Well-balanced polarity
  - Highly compatible with a wide range of base fluids and additive systems







## **High performance OEM approved formulations**

		VG 150	VG 220	VG 320	VG 460	VG 680	Benefit
VISCOBASE® 5-220	%wt	28.4	37.0	45.1	51.5	58.5	
NEXBASE® 3080	%wt	68.25	59.65	51.5	45.15	38.15	Grp III oil lowers formulation cost
VISCOPLEX® 1-180	%wt	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	
VISCOPLEX® 14-520	%wt	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Afton HiTEC® 307	%wt	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65	
KV 40	mm²/s	151	223	320	465	689	
KV 100	mm²/s	20.6	27.7	37.0	48.8	65.5	
Viscosity index		159	161	165	165	167	High VI for superior viscosity control
Pour point	°C	-39	-39	-39	-36	-33	Low PP for cold climates
Flash point	°C	>220	>220	>220	>220	>220	High FP for safe operation



### **Leading OEM approvals and key requirements**

#### Some of the most severe tests can only be passed by synthetic fluids

- FE-8 roller bearing test
- FAG Schaeffler 4-step-test
- Filterability test
- Coatings compatibility tests
- Micropitting test FVA 54/7
- Seal compatibility tests
  - Static or dynamic
  - Liquid seal tests
- Scuffing tests
- SKF Non-metal bearing cage compatibility







Sumitomo Drive Technologies

Leonardo da Vincilizan 1 B-2650 Edegem - Belgium T. +32(0)3 450 12 11 F. +32(0)3 450 12 20

Reference: RnD.16.0006-C

Dr. Rhishikesh Gokhale Evonik Resource Efficiency GmbH

Kirschenallee

64293 Darmstadt

August 1, 2016

#### Statement

It is hereby stated that lubricants, blended according to following formulation codes, developed by Evonik Resource Efficiency GmbH and based on NUFLUX technology, are eligible for approval to be used in the industrial gearboxes series HP1, HP2, HPP, I4,P4 and M4ACC build and delivered by or under license from Hansen Industrial Transmissions NV.

Formulation

Formulation 8 Formulation 8

Individual approval re t name has to be issued separately in order to add this brand or product name to the list of approved oils which is published in the maintenance manual The blender will provide at that moment a statement declaring that the blending will be done according to the exact formulation as prescribed by

> Daniël Verbeek Technology Manager







### Performance demonstrations in different applications

#### **Water Treatment**



**Mining Industry** 



**Wind Turbines** 



Inhouse



Sebokeng water care works, South Africa

Mooiplaas dolomite quarry, South Africa

USA, Europe, Asia Onshore/offshore

RAG, Germany







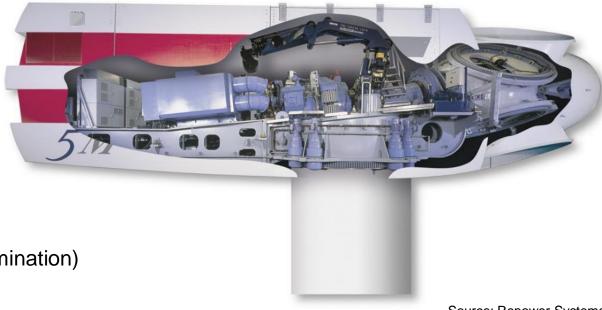
### Wind turbine gear oils and their special requirements

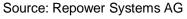
#### Wind turbine gearbox

- Often uses a 3-step transmission, consisting of planetary and spur gears
- Typically lubricated by **ISO VG 320** gear oil (**300..1000 I**, depending on power and size)
- Oil drain **every 3..5 years**, targeting >7 years

#### Wind turbine gear oils must pass demanding tests

- Micropitting test (grey staining)
- FZG scuffing test (at two different loads)
- FAG FE-8 four stage test (steel/steel & steel/brass)
- Static elastomer test (NBR @100°C, FKM @110°C)
- Freudenberg dynamic elastomer test
- Flender foam test (also with corrosion preventive contamination)
- ...and many others







### Comparison of fluids in a Moventas gear box

- Test setup consisted of two PLH-1400 gearboxes that were run back-to-back
- One gearbox was filled with a gear oil using novel base oil technology and the other with a commercial PAO gear oil
- Temperature was measured at 8 spots, oil pressure was measured at 3 spots
- Gears were painted to examine the contact patterns:
  - No abnormal behavior
  - No hard end contacts
  - No marks of particles
  - No sludge or varnish
  - Improved cleanliness









Rotor side



## Performance comparison of industrial gear oil technologies

	Thermal efficiency	Bearing protection	Micropitting protection	Additive compatibility	Total fluid cost
Mineral based	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Low
PAO based	High	High	Medium	Low	High
New technology	High	High	High	High	Medium



#### **Outline**

- Challenges for industrial gear oils
- Impact of hydraulic fluids on equipment performance
- Hydraulic fluid performance demonstration



### Hydraulic fluids represent a highly fragmented market

Finished lubricant volume: 5 million mt (2018)





### **Industrial efficiency has many faces**

Oil drain interval

Fuel economy Fast system response

Extended wear protection

**Productivity** 

Machine uptime

Noise level

Fast start-up



### The requirements vary with the application...

#### Manufacturing equipment

#### **Mobile construction equipment**

#### **Special application: door closer**







- Equipment availability
- Long oil drain interval
- Wear protection
- Maximized energy efficiency
- Precision

- High productivity
- Good cold start behavior
- Wide temperature range
- High fuel efficiency

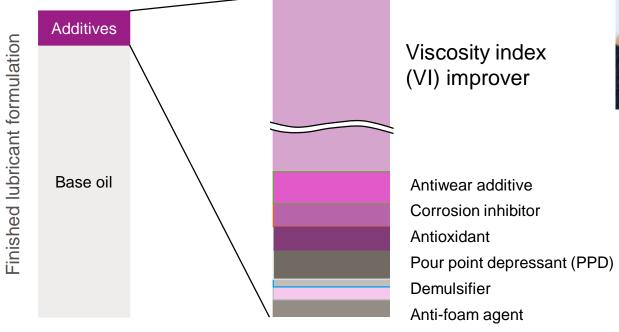
- Long life
- Good seal compatibility
- Low foam and good air release
- Low noise
- Wide temperature range



### ...but the right lubricant can meet many challenges

#### Lubricants consist of base oils and additives

- Base oils define the basic properties of the **lubricant**
- Additives determine the full range of performance





Performance package Typical treat rate 0.5-3.0 %



### Protection against wear and corrosion is guaranteed through OEM approvals

**Denison HF-0** 

**Bosch Rexroth RDE 90235** 

Eaton E-FDGN-TB002-E







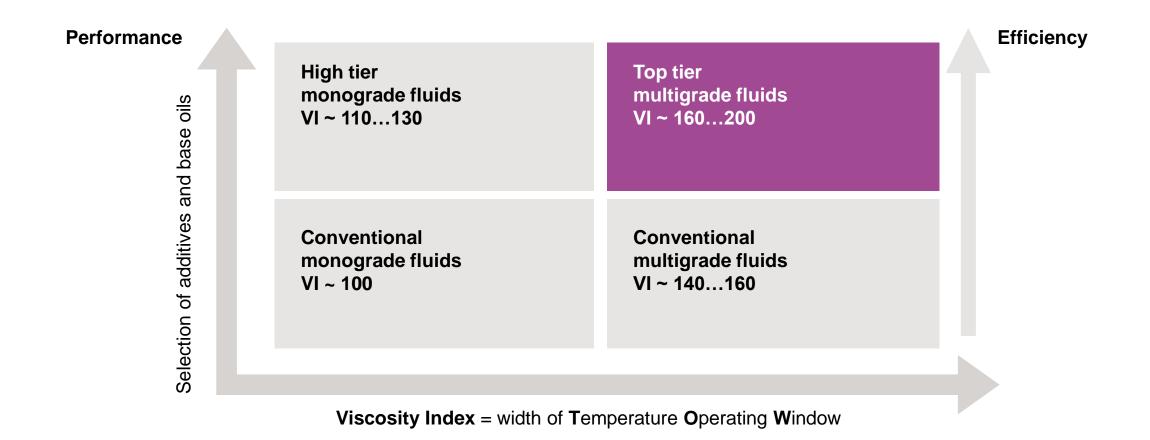
- Hybrid piston/vane pump
- Up to 280 bar at 1,700 rpm
- 608 hours
- Dry and wet phase
- Very sensitive to corrosion

- Piston pump and piston motor
- Up to 500 bar at 4,000 rpm
- 510 hours
- Dry
- Severe shear requirements

- Vane pump
- Up to 207 bar at 2,400 rpm
- 3\*50 hours
- Dry
- Sensitive to wear

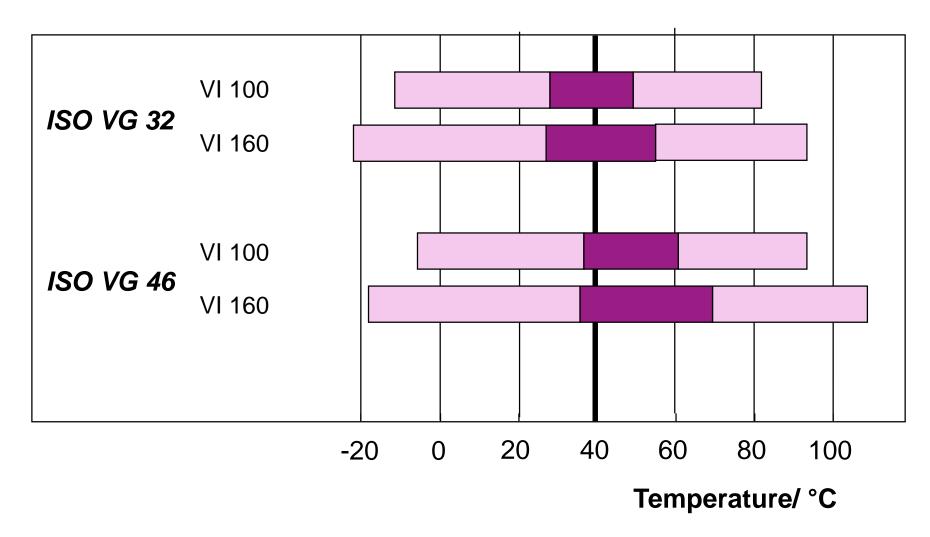


### The landscape of hydraulic fluids **Performance and efficiency**



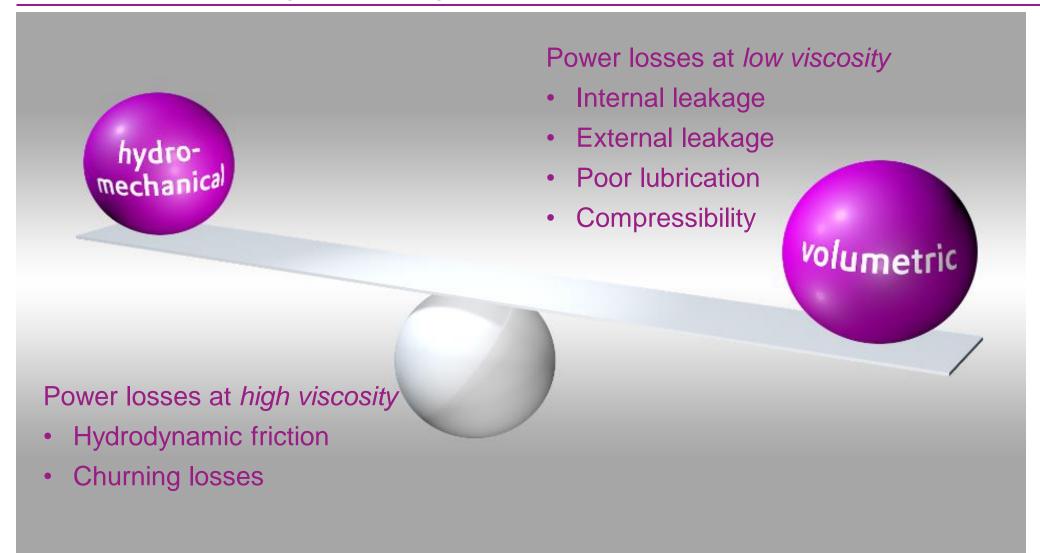


## The temperature operating window of hydraulic fluids





### Power losses in hydraulic systems - balance is essential

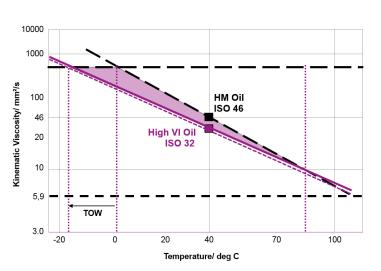




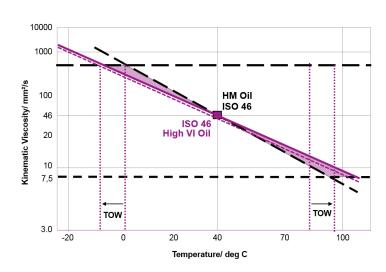
### Criteria for energy efficient high VI hydraulic fluids

Performance requirement	Comment	Unit	ISO VG 32	ISO VG 46	ISO VG 68
Viscosity index	Fresh oil	-		> 160	
Shear stability	KV100 after 40 min sonic shear	mm²/s	>5.9	>7.5	>10.0
Low temperature viscosity	Brookfield viscosity	mPa·s	<750 at -15°C	<750 at -8°C	<750 at -2°C

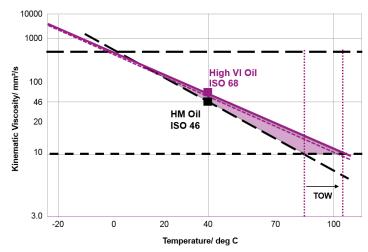




**ISO VG 46** 



**ISO VG 68** 





### **Outline**

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### What are the limiting factors to productivity?

#### **Construction and mining**

- Volumetric losses limit the speed and maximum payload of the equipment
- Hydromechanical losses delay equipment start-up
- Frequent maintenance and oil drains cause downtime

#### **Rubber processing**

Oil heat-up limits the power output of the equipment

#### Manufacturing

- Pack and hold time in plastics injection molding
- Dynamics of the hydraulic unit (e.g. injection molding fast runner, dynamic presses and cutters)









### Hydraulic fluid performance demonstration

#### **Equipment**

- Two hydraulic excavators using axial piston pumps
- Two dump trucks, on-site truck scale, wheel loader
- Test phases: truck loading and digging at 90° and 180°

#### **Parameter variations**

- Two operators
- Four different oil temperature ranges
- Test sequence A-B-A under repeatable conditions

#### Statistical analysis

 Thorough statistical evaluation of the performance of 19 different hydraulic fluids



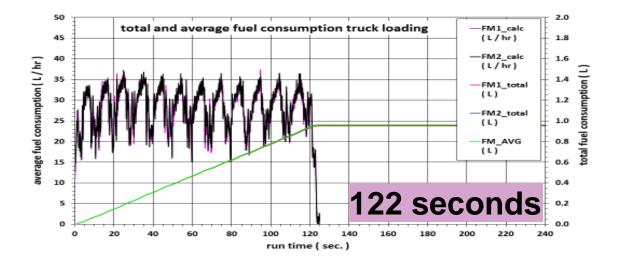






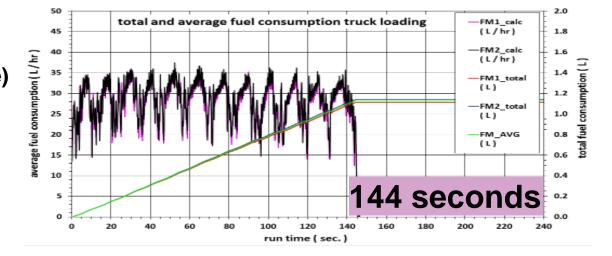
### **Example truck loading at 90° swivel angle**

# High VI oil ISO VG 46



Increase in Productivity: 18%

Low VI oil ISO VG 46 (Reference)



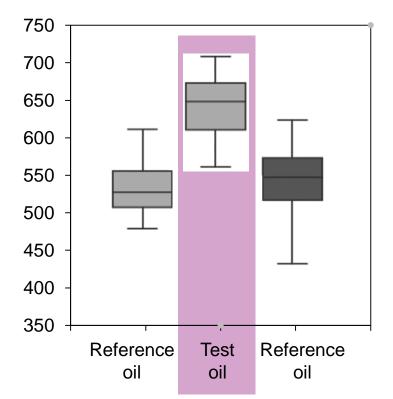


### Example truck loading at 90°/180° swivel angle

Results from 128 truck loadings per oil with statistical analysis

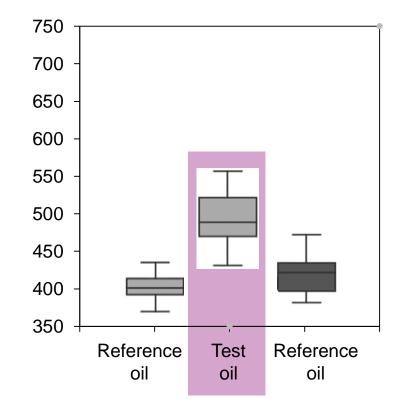
90° swivel angle

Productivity (tons/hour)



180° swivel angle

Productivity (tons/hour)



Increase in

**Productivity: 15-18%** 



### Performance demonstration results: shear stability

	Test fluid 1	Test fluid 2		
Reference fluid	ISO 46 – VI 100			
Test fluids	ISO 46 – VI 170 Poor shear stability	ISO 46 – VI 170 Excellent shear stability		
Type of work	Digging & Truck loading			
Efficiency improvement (∅)	3%	13%		
Productivity improvement (Ø)	4%	16%		

A combination of good shear stability and a high VI of the fluid can significantly increase efficiency and productivity.



### Conclusion

#### High performance industrial lubricants offer a wide range of benefits over conventional fluids

- Increased productivity
- Longer oil drain interval
- Improved system durability and machine life extension
- Lower energy/fuel consumption
- Reduced operating temperature (e.g. bearings)
- Improved gearbox cleanliness
- Avoidance of costly downtime losses

#### Thank you for your attention.

